

# Setting Up Search for a Hot Operations Solution

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## V9.2

### Overview

Configuring search for Hot Operations solutions involves the following steps:

	Steps	Location	Performed by	Documentation
1	Define searchable fields	JSON file	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Cora SeSequence Administrator</li></ul>	<a href="#">Configuring Elasticsearch Service</a>
2	Enable change tracking	Cora SeSequence database	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Cora SeSequence Administrator</li><li>• DBA</li></ul>	
3	Create connection string	Administration site	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Architect</li><li>• Tech Lead</li><li>• Developer</li></ul>	Current article
4	Set up indexing jobs	Administration site		
5	Enable search in Flowtime	PowerShell function		
6	Select a search provider	Administration site		

This article covers the procedures performed by the developer, tech lead, or architect (steps 3-6).

To learn how to perform the first steps, see the **V9.2** tab in [this article](#).

#### NOTE

This article is relevant only for Cora SeSequence **V9.2**. With V9.3, you can enable search for any workflow. As a result, some configuration procedures have changed.

### Create the connection string

Configure the connection to the Elasticsearch service. You can create new connections, edit existing ones, or delete them.

#### Prerequisites

Before you create the connection string, make sure that:

- The Elasticsearch cluster is setup.
- You have the Elasticsearch connection details, such as:
  - Connection type
  - End Points

- Required credentials
- You have the relevant JSON file relevant file.

## Procedure

1. Go to **Administration > Global Settings > Elastic Search Connections**, and click **Add New Record**.

The screenshot shows the 'Add Record To: Elastic Search Connections' form. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with 'Elastic Search Connections' highlighted. The main form area has the following fields and components:

- Name \***: A text input field.
- Connection Type (Select One) \***: A table with columns: Connection, Description, Supports Sniffing, and Supports Pingng.
- Index Name \***: A text input field.
- Index Configuration \***: A dropdown menu with an ellipsis button.
- End Point \***: A text input field.
- Credential Type**: A dropdown menu with 'None' selected.
- Credential Name**: A text input field with a search icon.
- Buttons**: 'Add' and 'Cancel' buttons at the bottom.

Connection	Description	Supports Sniffing	Supports Pingng
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Single	Single endpoint will be used to connect to Elasticsearch for all the calls.	No	No
<input type="radio"/> Cloud	Cloudid and credentials will be used to connect to Elastic Search for all the calls.	No	No
<input type="radio"/> Static	A static collection of endpoints will be used to connect to Elastic Search for all the calls. Use it for small clusters when sniffing for cluster topology is unwanted.	No	Yes (when enabled).
<input type="radio"/> Sniffing	One endpoint or a collection of endpoints will be used to connect to Elastic Search for all the calls.	Yes	Yes
<input type="radio"/> Sticky	Returns first live node out of a collection and sticks to it to connect to Elasticsearch for all the calls.	No	Yes
<input type="radio"/> StickySniffing	Returns first live node out of a collection and sticks to it to connect to Elastic Search for all the calls. Supports sniffing and sorting so that each instance of an application can favour a node.	Yes	Yes

2. Enter a meaningful name for the connection string.  
This is the name to configure the solution's search provider.
3. Select the connection type.
4. Enter a meaningful name under Index Name.  
This is the name that you will use to view log data and analytics about the solution's index in Kibana.
5. Click the ellipsis button to open the Index Configuration screen.
6. In the Index Configuration screen, paste the JSON that you created for the specific Hot Operations solution.
7. Under End Point, enter the connection to the Elasticsearch cluster.
8. If your connection requires credentials, select the credential type and enter a credential name.
9. Click **Add**.

## Set up the indexing jobs

Data indexing is performed by a JES job. You need to set up two jobs:

- Full load: Creates the Elasticsearch index based on the JSON definitions. This job copies the relevant data from the Cora SeSequence database to the Elasticsearch database.

### NOTE

Depending on the size of your database, this job can take some time. To avoid performance issues, configure it to run during the weekend or during low-peak hours.

- Incremental load: This job starts to run right after the full load job completes. This job makes sure that any changes to the Cora SeSequence database are synced to the Elasticsearch database.

□ ×

## Create New Job

Choose a Job Type \*

Start Workflow Workflow Redirect (Preview) File Migration <b>ElasticSearch Full Load Data Collector</b> ElasticSearch Incremental Load Data Collector	<p><b>Name</b> ElasticSearch Full Load Data Collector</p> <p><b>Description</b> Synchronizes between database and ElasticSearch</p>
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Create
Cancel

### Prerequisites

Before you create the indexing jobs, make sure that:

- Change tracking was enabled in the database.
- The Elasticsearch connection has been setup.

### Configure the full load indexing job

1. Go to **Administration > Global Settings > Jobs Management**, and click **Add Job**.
2. Select **ElasticSearch Full Load Data Collector**, and then click **Next**.
3. On the job definition screen, define the following:
  - **Name:** Enter a meaningful name for the full load job.
  - **Job Host:** the list includes the servers on which JES (Job Execution Service) is installed. Do one of the following:
    - Select a server on which to run the job.
    - Leave the field blank, if you want the system to allocate a server to run the job.
  - **Job is enabled:** Select this option only after you complete the workflow, or if you want to run the job for testing purposes.
  - **Job supports redundancy:** option is selected by default. Clear the checkbox if you do not want to enable redundancy. For more details on job redundancy settings, see this [article](#).
4. Click **Next**.

5. On the Command tab, set the following:
  - **Connection to Elasticsearch** (mandatory): Select the relevant connection string.
  - **Batch Size** (mandatory): You can enter up to 10000.  
Batch Size is *the number of records* that are synced at one time. Depending on the complexity of the cases, you may consider to set a smaller batch size.
6. Click **Next**.
7. On the Advanced Options tab, set the following options:
  - Set the job to execute every 2 minutes.
  - Select the "If a job is currently running, do not start the next job..." checkbox.
  - If not defined, job will run with default options.
8. Click **Finish**.

### Configure the incremental indexing job

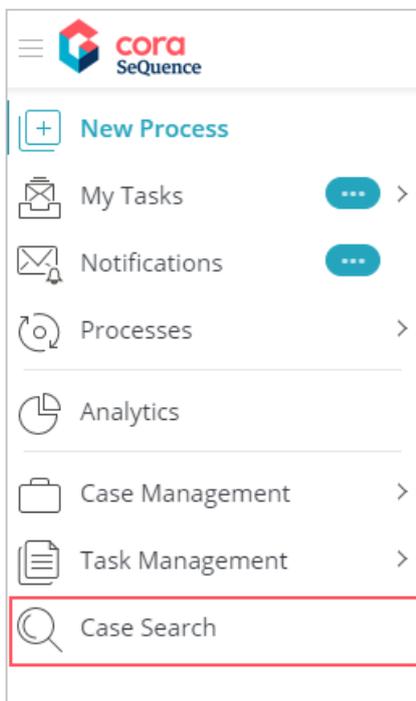
Configuring the incremental job is similar to configuring the full load job.

- **Job Type:** Elasticsearch Incremental Load Data Collector
- **Batch Size** (mandatory): You can enter up to 10000.  
Batch Size is the *number of changes* introduced to the database.

For the detailed procedure, see the *Configure the full load indexing job* section above.

### Enable search in Flowtime

You need to enable search to display the Case Search menu item in Flowtime.



When enabled, the menu item displays only if at least one solution is mapped to a search provider.

You run a PowerShell function to enable or disable case search. You can use this function to set the total number of retrieved records for each search query.

### Procedure

1. Run the [Set-CoraSeSequenceQuickSearchConfiguration](#) function on every server that hosts the Flowtime application.
2. To define the total number of retrieved records, set the `PageSize` parameter.

## Select a search provider

Map the Hot Operations solution to the relevant Elasticsearch index. Only after this mapping, Flowtime users can search for cases within the solution.

## Prerequisites

Before you create the connection string, make sure that:

- Search has been enabled in Flowtime.
- The indexing jobs have been activated.

## Procedure

1. Go to **Administration > Solutions**, and then select the relevant solution.
2. On the solution's page, under HotOperations Common Tasks, click **Choose Search Provider**.

The screenshot shows the 'Search\_2 Solution' page in the Cora SeSequence Dev interface. The page is divided into several sections:

- Administration > Solutions**: A sidebar menu with 'Search\_2' selected.
- Number of Cases per Month**: A line chart showing the number of cases per month from Jan to Dec. The y-axis ranges from 0 to 10. The x-axis shows months from Jan to Dec. A legend indicates 'Opened' (blue circle) and 'Closed' (grey circle). The data points are: Jan (0), Feb (0), Mar (0), Apr (0), May (0), Jun (0), Jul (0), Aug (0), Sep (0), Oct (0), Nov (0), Dec (5).
- Average Case Duration (Days)**: A gauge showing a value of 25.
- Open Cases by Interval**: A bar chart showing the number of open cases by interval. The y-axis ranges from 0 to 10. The x-axis shows 'Up to 1 Month' with a value of 5.
- Solution Common Tasks**: A list of tasks including 'Open Configuration Wizard', 'Export Package', 'Delete Solution', and 'Validate Solution'.
- Master Workflow Common Tasks**: A list of tasks including 'Set Runtime Permissions', 'Manage Business Rules', 'Attach Object', 'View History', 'Handle Running Processes', 'Open Process Lab', 'Manage Stages List', and 'Manage Variables'.
- HotOperations Common Tasks**: A list of tasks including 'Manage Resources', 'Manage Plan', 'Manage Case Effect', 'Choose Container (for runtime dashboards)', and 'Choose Search Provider' (highlighted with a red box).

3. Select the Elasticsearch connection string associated with the solution's index.
4. Click **OK**.